Tea	cher Per	forman	c <mark>e Rub</mark>	ric
Standard 1	1	2	3	4
LEARNER DEVELOPMENT	development vary individu physical areas, and design experiences.	how learners grow and dev ally within and across the c ns and implements develop	ognitive, linguistic, so	cial, emotional, and
1.1 Demonstrates an understanding of how children/adolescents learn and develop. The teacher knows how to use instructional strategies to promote student learning.	Demonstrates minimal knowledge of student patterns of learning and development.	Demonstrates basic knowledge of student patterns of learning and development, and is aware of different levels, but tends to teach to the whole class. Demonstrate thorough kno of student pa of learning ar development regularly self assessing, de and modifyin instruction to learner's nee		ns understanding and interpreting student patterns of learning and ng, development.
1.2 Designs and implements developmentally appropriate instruction.	Implements activities and assignments that are not developmentally appropriate for students.	and assignments that are notactivities and assignments that are developmentally appropriate forand assignments that are developmentally appropriate foractivities and assignments that are developmentally appropriate for		 Implements activities and assignments that challenge each student at his/her developmental level.
 Possible Teacher Evidence Uses differentiation Uses data for flexible grouping Identifies the accommodations/a for individual ELL students or groof instruction Makes visible accommodations a classroom and units of instructio Organizes students into groups of deepening their knowledge of inflexible accommodations Sets up structures which allow flexaching and/or extensions Scaffolds questions for all studen needs Allows various responses to sho Gives wait time equitably Designs learning opportunities the learning styles, skill levels, interes Makes verbal responses that are Listens for and understands the has a plan to meet them Is clear about individual instructional studens in the student of a student individual structures Uses a variety of instructional students in learning students in learning students in learning students in learning 	adaptations that must be mad oups within a lesson and/or un and adaptations throughout the with the expressed idea of formational content exible grouping for individual ints for language and ability w understanding that often accommodate stude ests and cultural heritage e age/ individually appropriate learning needs of students ar conal learning targets to learning goals rategies and approaches to	 access them app Says that the teal everyone to partie Says that the teal questions of ever Says that the teal answer questions a they try new learr Works at appropricallenge and rat Feels challenged overwhelmed Shows growth tow skills, knowledge Feels that the teal answer description of ever 	able resources and ropriately cher expects cipate cher asks difficult y student cher helps them as successfully nd takes risks as hing riate levels of the but not wards acquiring and processes incher is invested in I tracks their ductivity	 Guiding Questions How is student data used to modify instruction? Is instruction scaffolded for individuals and groups of students to move them to the next level of understanding? Is there a demonstrated understanding of student development?

Standard 2	1		2		3	4
LEARNING DIFFERENCES		es to ensure	standing of individual inclusive learning envi			
2.1 Make appropriate and timely provisions for individual students with particular learning differences and needs	Rarely differentia instruction according students' l differences needs.	tes to earning	Attempts to differentiate instruction according to students' learning differences or needs.	Differen instructi accordin students differen needs.	on Ig to 5' learning	Anticipates individual students' learning needs by proactively designing differentiated instruction, and makes effective differentiation decisions while teaching
2.2 Incorporates tools of language development in to planning and instruction to support development of academic language proficiency.	Rarely use strategies to support developme academic l proficiency	student ent of anguage	studenttools to supportsupport studentnt ofstudentdevelopment ofanguagedevelopment ofacademic		Incorporates knowledge about student cultural heritage in the development of academic language.	
teacher)studHas informal conversations with students about topics in which they are interestedDescr knowsBuilds student interests into lessonsRespond under backgCompliments students regarding academic and personal accomplishmentsPartici activitiUses humor with students when appropriatePartici activitiMakes eye contact with studentsDescr valuesDisplays sensitivity to cultureRespond valuesOrganizes space to accommodate special learning/ physical needs of the groupDemo			es the teacher as someon them and/or is interested in ads when the teacher dem anding of their interests a bound ates willingly in collaborat s tes the teacher as someon and respects them and respects them and nonverbal interactions strates a strong sense of uestions and take risks as	ne who in them honstrates ind tive ne who cher's s belonging	 Are reso accesse when the beyond o understa Is an uno needs an demonst Are high students commun Are tools developr 	expectations for <u>all</u> consistently

3.3 The teacher establishes and monitors elements of a safe and productive learning environment, including norms, expectations, routines and organizational structures Teacher does not effectively monitor student behavior or respond consistent or unclear. Instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct systems for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non- instructional tasks are in place. Standards of conduct are splane for performing non-instructional tasks are inplace.	Standard 3	1	1 2 3		4	
ENVIRONMENTS That encourage positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation. 3.1 Organizes, allocates, and manages the learning environment and/or instructional time, resulting in actively and equitable environment and/or instructional time to accommodate students learning. Atterpts to design and manages the learning environment and/or instructional time to accommodate students instructional time to accommodate students instructional time to accommodate students instructional time to accommunicates with students failing to engage environment, and/or instructional time to accommodate students instructional time to accommunicates with students in a fair and respectful manner. Creates a positive classicon community based on shared values communicates with students in a fair and respectful manner. Creates a positive classicon community based on shared values communicates with students in a fair and respectful manner. Creates a positive classicon community based on shared values communicates with students in a fair and respectful manner. Creates a positive classicon community based on shared values communicates with students in a fair and respectful manner. Creates a positive classicon community based on conomic students for manifer students and instructional tasks are in place. Creates a positive classicon community students for community students tablents a fair and respectful manner. Creates a positive classicon community students for relearing and production students performing nom- instructional tasks are in place. Creates a positive students for motive student for performance frequences students for performing nom- instructional tasks are in place. Standards o conduct and students for performing nom- instructional tasks						
and manages the learning resources of time, space, and attention actively and equitably engage learners. manages the learning revironment and/instructional time to accommodate subdents in nearning. manages the learning environment and/instructional time to accommodate subdents in nearning. environment and/instructional time to accommodate subdents in earning. environment and/instructional time to accommodate subdents in earning. environment and/instructional time to accommunity based upon community based upon instructional time to accommunity based upon community based upon istructional issands of conduct and or a all and respectful montor subdent behavior of a safe and productive status, & exceptionalities. Constructions for expect allows. Fails to af ar and respectful manner. Attempts to build a classroom community based upon community based upon community based upon socie- economic status. & exceptionalities. Constructions fails af ar and respectful manner. Constructions and capacity of the subdents of constructions and a spect of the subdents of conduct and place. Standards of conduct and instructional tasks, are in place. Standards of conduct and times inconsistent y molecal encourse subdents to instructional tasks, are in place. Standards of conduct and times inconsistent y molecal encourse subdents to instructional tasks, are in place. Standards of conduct and times in constructional tasks, are in place. Standards of conduct and tinstructional tasks, are in place. Stand	_	that encourage positive s	ocial inter	action, active engagem	-	
 students in ways that respect unique backgrounds and support a positive classroom clamate with students in a fair and respectful race, culture, gender, sexual contantation, religion, socio- economic status, & exceptionalities. 3.3 The teacher establishes and monitors elements of a safe and productive learning environment, including norms, expectations, round environment and organizational structures 3.3 The teacher establishes and monitors elements of a safe and productive learning environment, including norms, expectations, round a popalause) Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher - L.) Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher establishes as variety of ways to celebrate success (e.g., show of hands, round of applause) Employs ore or more strategies to re-engage students Employs core or more attrategies to re-engage students Provides verbal/ nonverbal signals when students students Provides verbal/ nonverbal signals when students students Provides verbal/ nonverbal signals when students Provides verbal/ nonverbal signals to 	and manages the resources of time, space, and attention to actively and equitably	manages the learning environment and/or instructional time, resulting students failing to engage in	mana enviro in instru n accor needs	ge the learning onment and/or ctional time to nmodate students' s and involvement in	the learning environment and instructional time to accommodate all students' needs and	systems in which both teacher and students manage the learning environment,transitions and instructional time to g. maximize active involvement in learning
and monitors elements of a safe and productive learning environment, including norms, expectations, routines and organizational structuresmonitor student behavior of respond consistently. Minimal standards of conduct or systems for performing non- instructional tasks are in place.are clear, efficient systems for performing nonitor student behavior and responds with moderate effectiveness.are clear, efficient systems for performing nonitor student behavior and responds with moderate effectiveness.are clear, efficient systems for performing nonitor student behavior and responds with moderate effectiveness.are clear, efficient systems for performing nonitor student behavior and responds with motior student is behavior and respond their behavior and respond to place.efficient systems encurage students instructional tasks are in pictures.Possible Teachermonitor student behavior and responds of nads, round of applause)are clear, efficient systems for performing nonitor their behavior and responds with moter tast attention toare clear, efficient systems for performing nonitor their behavior and responds with moter tast the acher)are clear, efficient systems for performing nonitor their behavior and responds with moter tast the acher is subtle and provides cues or signals when a rule or procedure should be usedmonitor student the cleaseroom tast defining tast definingare clear, efficient systems for performing nonitor their behavior and responds with attention levels when the teacher demonstrates intensity and enthusiasm for the content Moves easily about the classroom environment?are clear, efficien	students in ways that respect unique backgrounds and support a positive classroom climate with regard to race, culture, gender, sexual orientation, religion, socio- economic	community based upon shared values and expectations. Fails to communicate with students	comm value Comm in in a fa	nunity based on shared s and expectations. nunicates with students air and respectful	classroom community based on shared values & expectations for respectful interactions with regard to race, culture, gender, sexual orientation, religion, socio- economic status	students to facilitate their self- reflection and ownership for ongoing il improvement of the classroom community s, based upon respect, fairness, and the inherent
(The teacher)(The student)• Has a learning target/ goal posted so that all students can see it• Can explain why the content is important to pay attention to• In what ways is the environment organized to engage students if students are not engaged• In what ways is the environment organized to behavior in groups• Employs one or more strategies to re-engage students if students are not engaged• Moves to groups in an orderly fashion • Appears to understand expectations about appropriate behavior in groups• In what ways is the environment organized to usplace which promotes a climate of respect and learning?• Has a learning target/ goal posted so that all students of hands, round of applause)• Can explain why the content is important to pay attention to• In what ways is the environment organized to usplace which promotes a climate of respect and learning?• Employs crisp transitions from one activity to another • Alters the pace appropriately (e.g., speeds up, slows down)• Visibly adjusts their level of engagement based on teacher actionsIs a behavior system in place which promotes a climate of respect and learning?• Is purposeful to design the classroom in regard to teaching spaces and placement of resources • Provides used• Increases their attention levels when the teacher • Recognizes cues and signals from the eastablished rules and procedures • Can describe established rules and procedures • Recognizes tust the teacher is aware of their behavior • Ceases inappropriate behavior when signaled by the teacher• Is a sense of classroom and school-wide community built, promoted and facilitated throughout	and monitors elements of a safe and productive learning environment, including norms, expectations, routines and organizational	monitor student behavior or respond consistently. Minim standards of conduct or systems for performing non- instructional tasks are in	al instru place - times Teacl behav	ms for performing non- ctional tasks are in ; however, they are at inconsistent or unclear. her monitors student <i>v</i> ior and responds with	are clear; efficient systems for performing non-instructional tasks are in place. Teacher monitors student behavior and responds	g encourage students to independently monitor their behavior and performance. Monitoring s by teacher is subtle and
(The teacher)(The student)• Has a learning target/ goal posted so that all students can see it• Can explain why the content is important to pay attention to• In what ways is the environment organized to engage students if students are not engaged• In what ways is the environment organized to behavior in groups• Employs one or more strategies to re-engage students if students are not engaged• Moves to groups in an orderly fashion • Appears to understand expectations about appropriate behavior in groups• In what ways is the environment organized to usplace which promotes a climate of respect and learning?• Has a learning target/ goal posted so that all students of hands, round of applause)• Can explain why the content is important to pay attention to• In what ways is the environment organized to usplace which promotes a climate of respect and learning?• Employs crisp transitions from one activity to another • Alters the pace appropriately (e.g., speeds up, slows down)• Visibly adjusts their level of engagement based on teacher actionsIs a behavior system in place which promotes a climate of respect and learning?• Is purposeful to design the classroom in regard to teaching spaces and placement of resources • Provides used• Increases their attention levels when the teacher • Recognizes cues and signals from the eastablished rules and procedures • Can describe established rules and procedures • Recognizes tust the teacher is aware of their behavior • Ceases inappropriate behavior when signaled by the teacher• Is a sense of classroom and school-wide community built, promoted and facilitated throughout						
 Has a learning target/ goal posted so that all students can see it Uses a variety of ways to celebrate success (e.g., show of hands, round of applause) Employs one or more strategies to re-engage students if students are not engaged Employs crisp transitions from one activity to another Alters the pace appropriately (e.g., speeds up, slows down) Is purposeful to design the classroom in regard to teaching spaces and placement of resources Provides cues or signals when a rule or procedure should be used Moves around the room and uses proximity when needed Scans the entire room, making eye contact with all students' behavior is not appropriate Provides verbal/ nonverbal signals when students' Provides verbal/ nonverbal cues and signals to 		ence			ce	Guiding Questions
acknowledge and reinforce positive behavior Responds to positive reinforcement the academic year?	 can see it Uses a variety of ways to celebro f hands, round of applause) Employs one or more strategier if students are not engaged Employs crisp transitions from Alters the pace appropriately (edown) Is purposeful to design the class teaching spaces and placement Provides cues or signals when should be used Moves around the room and us needed Scans the entire room, making students Provides verbal/ nonverbal sign behavior is not appropriate Provides verbal/ nonverbal cues 	arate success (e.g., show s to re-engage students one activity to another e.g., speeds up, slows scroom in regard to it of resources a rule or procedure ses proximity when eye contact with all hals when students' es and signals to	 Moves to groups in an orderly fashion Appears to understand expectations about appropriate behavior in groups Visibly adjusts their level of engagement based on teacher actions Quickly responds to transitions and re-engages when a new activity begins Increases their attention levels when the teacher demonstrates intensity and enthusiasm for the content Moves easily about the classroom Follows the established rules and procedures Can describe established rules and procedures Recognizes cues and signals from the teacher Recognizes that the teacher is aware of their behavior Ceases inappropriate behavior when signaled by the teacher Accepts consequences as part of the way class is 		 environment organized to engage students in learning? Is a behavior system in place which promotes a climate of respect and learning? Are respect, safety, and value for differing perspectives and cultural backgrounds communicated through language, behavior, and the classroom environment? Is a sense of classroom and school-wide community built, promoted and facilitated throughout 	

St	tandard 4	1		2	3	4
	ONTENT OWLEDGE		e te	aches and creates le	arning experiences	, and structures of the s that make the discipline e content.
4.1	Maintains deep knowledge of content standards and learning progressions in the discipline(s) and setting(s) he/she teaches.	Displays minimal content knowledge. Instructional practices indicate little awareness of learning progressions and such knowledge is incomplete or inaccurate.	Dis kn pra aw pro su inc	splays basic content iowledge. Instructional actices indicate some vareness of learning ogressions, although ich knowledge may be complete or accurate.	Displays thorough content knowledge. Instructional practices reflect understanding of learning progressions within the discipline.	Displays mastery of content knowledge. Instructional practices reflect understanding of learning progressions allowing for ns flexible adjustments
4.2	Integrates culturally relevant content to build on learner's background knowledge in the discipline(s) and setting(s) he/she teaches.	Demonstrates inadequate knowledge of learners' cultural backgrounds and experiences and lacks ability to design learning experiences as a result.	knowledge and/or ability ex to design learning initiation experiences that re integrate culturally bu relevant content to build cu		Designs learning experiences that integrate culturally relevant content to build on learners' cultural backgrounds and experiences.	Designs learning experiences that integrate culturally relevant content for each student within the context of the curriculum. s
4.3	Engages students in learning experiences in the discipline(s) and settings he/she teaches that encourage learners to understand, question, and analyze ideas from diverse perspectives so that they master the content.	Rarely applies strategies designed to engage students in understanding, questioning and analyzing ideas from diverse perspectives within the discipline.	Attempts to apply strategies designed to engage students in understanding, questioning, and analyzing ideas from diverse perspectives within the discipline.		Applies strategies designed to engage students in understanding, questioning, and analyzing ideas from diverse perspectives within the discipline.	take the initiative to independently understand, question, and analyze ideas from diverse perspectives s within the discipline.
D	ossible Teacher Evidenc	e (The teacher		Possible Stude	nt Evidence	Guiding Questions
	Uses content language appropr Connects content to the standar Engages in content discussions Communicates standards to par Uses assessments that reflect s Can describe resources within t used to enhance students' under Anticipates misconceptions that Asks and answers questions to a student misconceptions Is confident about and well-grou Is stimulated by the content he/s constantly learning to deepen his knowledge and pedagogy Uses materials and resources the	nguage appropriately nt to the standards ent discussions with colleagues standards to parents nts that reflect standards sources within the classroom that will be e students' understanding of the content onceptions that students may experience rs questions to clarify content and minimize eptions at and well-grounded in content knowledge he content he/she teaches and is ng to deepen his/her own understanding,		 (The student) Can summarize to content Can describe the being worked on Can describe how to previous lesson content Is curious about of learned and willing Makes connection between the content the curriculum ar Engages in const with the teacher and ideas and conterr Use materials and 	the important e standard that is w content is related ins, units, or other content to be ing to participate ins and relationships tent, other areas of ind the real world tructive dialogue and peers about it	 Are opportunities created to develop academic language as a part of the content instruction? Is instruction connected to state content standards? Are multiple levels of questioning strategies used to engage students? Do students understand the purpose of lessons and value of the content area being taught?

APPLICATION OF CONTENT The teacher understands how to connect concepts and use differing perspectives to angage learners in critical linking, creativity, and collaborative problem solving related to authentic local and global issues. 5.1 Engages learners in appring content knowledge to real world issues in order to develop interdisciplinary connections for real world issues. Rarely designs learning experiences where students apply content issues in order to develop interdisciplinary connections for real world issues. Designs learning experiences where students apply content increative dip interdisciplinary connections. Embeds interdisciplinary connections within experiences where students to real world issues in order to develop interdisciplinary connections. Designs learning experiences where students to real world issues in order to develop interdisciplinary connections. Embeds interdisciplinary connections. Embeds independentifies approaches. 5.2 Engages learners in critical and creative approaches. Attempts to apply strategies that may allow students independent ideas and creative approaches. Applies strategies that facilitate students independent ideas and creative approaches. Creates an ervicenament that erequary encourages students for knowledge Presents lation or independent ideas and creative approaches. Interdisciplinary connections with prior knowledge Interdisciplinary connections with prior knowledge 9 Possible Student for versition of independent ideas and creative approaches. Interdisciplinary connections with prior knowledge Interdisciplinary connections with prior k	Sta	andard 5	1		2	3		4
 in applying content knowledge to real word issues in order to develop interdisciplinary connections to real word issues. 5.2 Engages learners in critical and creative explored thinking, time develop interdisciplinary connections. 5.2 Engages learners in critical and creative approaches that exploit to develop interdisciplinary connections. 5.2 Engages learners in critical and creative approaches that exploit to develop interdisciplinary connections. 5.2 Engages learners in critical and creative approaches that exploit to develop interdisciplinary connections. 5.2 Engages learners in critical and creative approaches that exploit to develop interdisciplinary connections. 5.4 Engages learners in critical and creative approaches that are sometimes connected to relevant content. Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher) Cues the importance of upcoming information of processes with require inferences in the student's formation of independent ideas and creative approaches that are connections with prior knowledge Prevense new content by activating students o prior processing time Presents situations or problems that require inferences to alout and what they are confused about Asks students to state or record what they are confused about Gives content vocabulary in student- and teacher-led conversations Presents situations or brokens that require inferences to caling and creative approaches that in a confused about Asks students to teacing and creative approaches that experime as addemic vocabulary throughout learning activities? Asks students to teacher the strategion in the strength of a claar (alim, evidence for the claim) presented stowing exceptions to the claim, evidence t								
in critical and creative thinking, encourage students' formation of independent ideas and creative approaches.that may allow students in formation of independent ideas and creative approaches that are sometimes connected to relevant content.facilitate students' formation of independent ideas and creative approaches.environment that regularly encourages students formation of independent ideas and creative approaches.Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher)Possible Student Evidence (The student)Guidate students' formation of independent ideas and creative approaches.Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher)Possible Student Evidence (The student)Guidate students' formation of independent ideas and creative approaches.Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher)Possible Student Evidence (The student)Guidate students' formation of independent ideas and creative approaches.Possible Student Students inferencesPossible Student Evidence (The student)Guidate students' formation of independent ideas and creative approaches.Possible Students to state or record what they are clear about and what they are confused aboutProcesses in gand/or evidence behind their tinking with answersHow is content made "real" to thick allows them to access and demonstrate understanding of the content vacabulary throughout learning exceptions to the claim)Statement of acles content vocabulary throughout learning activitiesHow is content made "real" to thick allows them to think dives approachesPossesses an adequate vocabulary throughout learning activities can be called upo	5.1	in applying content knowledge to encourage interdisciplinary connections to real	experiences where students apply content knowledge to real world issues in order to develop interdisciplinary	the teac design l experier students knowled issues in interdisc	her attempts to earning nces where s apply content lge to real world n order to develop siplinary	experiences where students apply cor knowledge to real issues in order to develop interdiscip	ntent world	interdisciplinary connections within curriculum, allowing students to independently relate these connections to key concepts and
(The teacher)(The student)• Cues the importance of upcoming information• Can explain connections with prior knowledge• How is content made "real" to students a they reach the level of application?• Previews new content by activating students' prior knowledge• Can explain connections about upcoming content • Actively engages in previewing activities • Visibly adjusts their level of engagement • Processes with classmates • Uses higher-level thinking skills • Can explain what they are confused about • Asks students to state or record what they are clear about and what they are confused about • Asks students to state or record what they are clear about and what they are confused about• How is content made "real" to students a they reach the level of application? • Are students' literacy skills • Can explain what they are confused about • Gives reasoning and/or evidence behind their thinking with answers • Possesses an adequate vocabulary throughout learning • Repeats academic vocabulary throughout learning • Possesses an adequate vocabulary throughout learning • Possesses an adequate vocabulary throughout learning • Collaborates and problem-solves • Engages in cognitively challenging activities/ • Asks super the in understanding • Voices "ah ha's" and excitement about learning • Voices "ah ha's" and excitement about learning • Voices "ah ha's" and excitement about learning • Explains, justifies, and test hypotheses• How is content made "real" to students as they reach to students as	5.2	in critical and creative thinking, encouraging new ideas and	strategies which encourage students' formation of independent ideas and	that may form ind creative are som	y allow students to lependent ideas and approaches that letimes connected	facilitate students' formation of independent ideas creative approach that are connected	and es	environment that regularly encourages students' formation of independent ideas and creative
(The teacher)(The student)• Cues the importance of upcoming information• Can explain connections with prior knowledge• How is content made "real" to students a they reach the level of application?• Previews new content by activating students' prior knowledge• Can explain connections about upcoming content • Actively engages in previewing activities • Visibly adjusts their level of engagement • Processes with classmates • Uses higher-level thinking skills • Can explain what they are confused about • Asks students to state or record what they are clear about and what they are confused about • Asks students to state or record what they are clear about and what they are confused about• How is content made "real" to students a they reach the level of application? • Are students' literacy skills • Can explain what they are confused about • Gives reasoning and/or evidence behind their thinking with answers • Possesses an adequate vocabulary throughout learning • Repeats academic vocabulary throughout learning • Possesses an adequate vocabulary throughout learning • Possesses an adequate vocabulary throughout learning • Collaborates and problem-solves • Engages in cognitively challenging activities/ • Asks super the in understanding • Voices "ah ha's" and excitement about learning • Voices "ah ha's" and excitement about learning • Voices "ah ha's" and excitement about learning • Explains, justifies, and test hypotheses• How is content made "real" to students as they reach to students as	Po	ssible Teacher Ev	vidence	Possible	e Student Eviden	ce	Gui	ding Questions
 information Previews new content by activating students' prior knowledge Breaks lecture into segments to allow for processing time Presents situations or problems that require inferences Asks students to state or record what they are confused about Asks students to examine the strength of a claim (statement of a clear about and what they are confused about Asks students to examine the strength of support presented for a claim (statement of a clear (qualifiers presented showing exceptions to the claim) Repeats academic vocabulary throughout learning activities Possesses an adequate vocabulary that can be called upon to aid learning and challenge students Make connections to other content areas Expects students to explain the "big Make operations a data they are confused about Asks appropriate questions to clarify and make meaning between prior and new learning Collaborates and problem-solves Engages in cognitively challenging activities/ tasks Supports to the claim) Repeats academic vocabulary that can be called upon to aid learning and challenge students Expects students to give reasoning and/or evidence behind their thinking with answers Encourages students to explain the "big Make connections to explain the "big Make op reductions about upcoming content Make op reductions about upcoming content areas Expelains, justifies, and test hypotheses 								
	· · · · · · · · · · ·	information Previews new content students' prior knowle Breaks lecture into se processing time Presents situations or inferences Asks students to state are clear about and w about Asks students to exan support presented for a clear claim, evidence presented, qualifiers p exceptions to the clair Repeats academic vo learning activities Possesses an adequa can be called upon to challenge students Make connections to de Expects students to g evidence behind their Encourages students	by activating dge gments to allow for problems that require or record what they hat they are confused nine the strength of a claim (statement of e for the claim presented showing n) cabulary throughout ate vocabulary that aid learning and other content areas ive reasoning and/or thinking with answers	 Activel Visibly Process Uses h Can exwhat th Gives h Gives h thinkin Refers vocabu Uses of teacher Asks a maker hearnin Collabu Engag tasks Questi and de Voices hearnin Explain 	y engages in previewi adjusts their level of e sees with classmates igher-level thinking sk cplain what they are cl ney are confused about reasoning and/or evid g with answers to and use previous a ulary content vocabulary in s r-led conversations ppropriate questions to meaning between prio g prates and problem-so es in cognitively challed ons themselves and o eppen their understand "ah ha's" and exciten g ns, justifies, and test h	ng activities engagement kills ear about and ut ence behind their academic student- and to clarify and r and new blves enging activities/ thers to clarify ding nent about ypotheses	 the Are sup wh acc und con Wh brin und con to h cre Are bein acc to h acc acc<td>a level of application? a students' literacy skills ported by instruction ich allows them to cess and demonstrate derstanding of the ntent area? nat methods are used to ng students to a level of derstanding of the ntent which allows them think critically and batively? a different strategies ing used for instruction? content being connected a relevant way to idents' lives? a students given the portunity to demonstrate</td>	a level of application? a students' literacy skills ported by instruction ich allows them to cess and demonstrate derstanding of the ntent area? nat methods are used to ng students to a level of derstanding of the ntent which allows them think critically and batively? a different strategies ing used for instruction? content being connected a relevant way to idents' lives? a students given the portunity to demonstrate
					13			

Standard 6	1	2		3	4	
ASSESSMENT	The teacher understand own growth, to monitor le					
6.1 Designs and/or selects assessments that match learning objectives with assessment methods so that learner can demonstrate their knowledge and skills.	Rarely aligns assessments with leaning objectives and/ or do not enable students to demonstrate their learning.	Designs and/or selects formative and summative assessments that sometimes do not align with learning objectives, and may use limited measures for learners to demonstrate what they know.	Designs a selects fo and sumr assessme align with objectives multiple n for learne demonstr they know	and/or rmative native ents that learning s and use neasures rs to ate what	Designs and/or select assessments that cle inform students of the progress and encour- them to take respons for their learning by showing an understanding of whe they are and their ne steps for learning.	ets early eir age sibility ere
6.2 Works independently and/or collaboratively to examine formative and summative assessment data to identify student learning needs and strengths to inform instruction.	Rarely examines assessment data independently and/or with colleagues; uses assessment solely as a means to determine a grade.	Documents, analyzes and interprets limited student assessment data independently and/or with colleagues; assessment data is sometimes used to identify student learning needs.	Documen analyzes interprets of studen assessme independ and/or wi colleague identify in student le needs, tre patterns a groups of to inform	and a variety t ent data, ently th s, to dividual earning ends, and among	Documents, analyzes interprets a variety of student assessment independently and w colleagues, resulting continuous feedback of effective assessme informing effective instruction.	f data, ith in a loop
6.3 Engages learners in understanding and identifying learning targets to produce quality work and provides them with effective descriptive feedback to guide their progress.	Rarely provides learning targets, models, or feedback to students to improve the quality of their work.	Sometimes provides learning targets for student work and/or standards may lack specific expectations. Sometimes provides models and feedback to guide students in methods for improving the quality of their work.	Provides learning t student w Provides and feedt guide stu- methods	explicit argets for ork. models back to dents in for I the quality	Models and facilitates processes that involv students in examining and assessing their work products, to individually and collectively, using cle defined learning targe Allocates time to prov specific descriptive feedback to individual learners.	ooth early ets. vide

Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher…)	Possible Student Evidence (The student)	Guiding Questions
 Uses common assessments designed by collaborative teams to assess student learning Explains the structure of assessments to students and how they will be graded Differentiates assessment practices according to student needs Analyzes data from formal and informal assessments to plan Helps students track their individual progress on the learning goal Charts the progress of the entire class on the learning goal Has a scale or rubric aligned to the learning goal posted so that all students can see it Makes reference to the scale or rubric throughout the lesson Acknowledges students who have achieved a certain score and/or made gains in their knowledge and skill relative to the learning goal Asks students to state or record what they might have done to enhance their learning Reviews assessment results and shares appropriate data with students Provides positive and constructive feedback equitably for all students Provides feedback that is accurate, constructive, meaningful, specific and timely Is aware of the methods and frequency of feedback in his/her classroom Assesses and reteaches continuously as appropriate 	 Knows what to expect on assessments Can explain why they were assigned a specific grade on an assessment Can explain what they need to learn next to improve their performance on an assessment Are engaged in different assessment activities based on their individual needs and abilities Can describe their status relative to the learning goal using the scale or rubric Reflects regularly about their learning Can explain the meaning of the levels of performance articulated in the scale or rubric Can explain how they will achieve the learning target/ goal Can explain what they could have done to enhance their learning Conferences with the teacher about assessment results Interacts with their peers about goals and performance Asks clarifying questions about standards, and their responsibility as a learner to meet them is motivated to improve their performance Responds to feedback positively rather than defensively Uses feedback in their learning 	 Are students exposed to a variety of assessment formats without interrupting the flow of a unit of study? How is assessment data reviewed, both individually and it collaboration witt others (such as a team or PLC) to differentiate futur instruction? Do students receive timely ar effective feedbac to guide their academic progress?

Sta	andard 7		1		2		3		4
PL	ANNING FOR INSTRU	CTION	by drawing upo	on know	ruction that supports ledge of content are knowledge of learne	eas, curriculur	n, cross-dis	ciplinary	
7.1	Designs learning experiences aligned to curriculum standards and student needs.	evidence aligned	emonstrates e of planning to curriculum is and student	While effecti create term p be alig standa integra	not always ve, attempts to short- and long- lans which may gned to curriculum ards. Attempts to ate student ng needs, goals, arning activities	Creates sho long-term pl aligned to curriculum standards. L plans integr student lear needs, goal learning act	rt- and ans Lesson ate ning s, and	Lesson p under-st prerequi between standarc proactive student p and add	olans reflect anding of site relationship curriculum ls. Teacher is e in planning for misconceptions ressing them roceeding.
7.2	Evaluates and adjusts plans based on student performance.	adjusts i plans ba	valuates or nstructional sed upon performance.	instruc based perfor	times adjusts ctional plans upon student mance.	Adjusts inst plans based student performance tailoring inst and strategi meet studer	upon e by ruction es to nt needs.	wide ran to lessor analysis student o Engages identify a instruction their lear	tes and plans for a ge of adaptations ns based on of individual putcomes. s with students to adjustments in on that best meet rning needs.
7.3	Plans collaboratively with colleagues and/or specialists to design instruction to meet unique learning needs.	respond	es and/or sts for ative	colleag specia influer instruc	Itation with gues and/or lists sometimes nees the design of ction to address e learning needs.	Collaborate: colleagues a specialists tr instruction th addresses u learning nee	and/or o design nat inique	needs a with coll	tes unique student nd collaborates eagues and/or ts to proactively them.
Ро	ssible Teacher Evide	ence (Th	ne teacher)		Possible Stud	dent Evide	nce (The	Gu	iding
	Modifies instruction based Has a learning target/ goal p Ensures that the learning ta knowledge or skill as oppos Makes reference to the lea lesson Regularly designs learning students' learning styles, sh heritage Asks age appropriate ques of the students Aligns instructional goals w and standards Incorporates within goals th knowledge, skills and/or pro Develops assessable goals Develops goals that are stu Listens for and understand and has a plan to meet the Is confident and clear about learning targets Uses long-range plans that a Directs instructional resour Is organized and ready Is clear about where instructional	osted so th arget/ goal sed to an a rning targe opportunit tions base ith district ith district ith district aligned to dent learn m t instructio are congrue ces toward	at all students can is a clear stateme ctivity or assignm t/ goal throughour ies that accommon iterests and cultu d on interests/ ab curriculum framework the discipline o standards ing centered ing needs of stude nal expectations a nt with learning goals	ent of hent t the odate ural ilities works ents and	 student) Can explain the day's lesson Can explain the daily target to Can explain the relate to the lesson Demonstrates assignments a Works at apprand rate Works at class directly related Feels challeng Is confident of Recalls and st instruction and Can explain w Progresses th Acquire skills, 	the relationship the long-term ow their currer earning target/ that activities are meaningful opriate levels sroom tasks th d to the instruct ged, but not ov success most tates connection d learning activity that they can d rough learning	between the learning goa at activities goal and of challenge at are tional goal erwhelmed of the time ons to prior vities o experiences	e me l go sta pro An co sp pla ins stu ne inf pla st st st st us	Questions planned lessons sist students in beeting learning als and relevant undards of officiency? e resource lleagues and/or ecialists involved in unning for the struction of idents with special eds? data from team beetings used to orm instructional uns? student hievement data ed to differentiate struction?

Sta	andard 8	1	2	3	4
	STRUCTIONAL RATEGIES	learners to develop d	ands and uses a variety of i leep understanding of conte dge in meaningful ways.	nstructional strategies ent areas and their con	to encourage nections, and to build
8.1	Varies role in the instructional process (e.g., instructor, facilitator, guide, audience)	Rarely uses varied instructional processes; utilizes only a teacher- directed instructional approach.	Some integration of role variation, but relies primarily on direct instruction.	Varies role between instructor, facilitator, guide and audience. Considers learners' needs and instructional goals in determining appropriate instructional role.	Integrates a variety of roles for all members of the classroom community, so students take on various roles.
8.2	The teacher understands how content and skill development can be supported by media and technology and incorporated into instruction.	Rarely incorporates effective available media and technology in support of content and skill development	Moderately effective at incorporating available media and technology; support of content and skill development is not always clear.	Incorporates available media and technology that clearly supports content and skill development.	Seeks out and used new and/or innovative ways to integrate available media and technology to support content and skill development.
8.3	Uses a variety of instructional strategies to support and expand learners' understanding of communication through speaking, listening, reading, writing, and other modes.	Rarely uses instructional strategies which provide opportunities for students to communicate.	Sometimes uses instructional strategies which provide opportunities for students to communicate. May not allow for a variety of methods for communicating.	Uses instructional strategies which provide regular opportunities for students to develop and use a variety of methods for communicating.	Uses instructional strategies to create an interactive environment where students select and use a variety of communication modes.
8.4	Poses questions to stimulate discussion that serve different purposes, such as probing for learner understanding, helping learners articulate their ideas and thinking processes, stimulating curiosity, and helping learners to question.	Rarely uses questioning strategies to stimulate discussion that enhances student learning.	While not always effective, attempts to use questioning strategies to stimulate discussion that enhances student learning.	Uses effective questioning strategies to stimulate discussion that enhances student learning.	Flexibly uses questioning strategies, based on in the moment analysis of student understanding, to stimulate discussion and move students forward in their learning.
8.5	Engages all learners in developing higher order thinking skills and metacognitive processes.	Rarely uses teaching strategies to develop higher order thinking skills or metacognitive processes.	Uses a limited number of strategies that are sometime effective at developing higher order thinking skills and metacognitive processes for most learners.	Uses various strategies to engage all learners in developing higher order thinking skills and metacognitive processes.	Creates a classroom culture where students use higher order thinking skills and metacognitive processes, both independently and with others, as a natural part of the learning process.

Possible Teacher Evidence	Possible Student Evidence	Guiding
(The teacher…)	(The student…)	Questions
 Monitors and adjusts the pace, sequence and content of instruction to match learning needs and styles Uses a variety of instructional strategies and approaches to engage students in learning Uses carefully framed questions to enable students to reflect on their understanding and consider new possibilities Asks higher level Blooms' questions over 50% of the time (e.g., application, analysis, evaluation, synthesis) Engages students in activities that require them to examine similarities and differences between content Uses advance organizers and/or anticipation guides to activate knowledge Engages students in practice activities that are appropriate to their current ability to execute a skill, strategy, or process Employs crisp transitions from one activity to another Uses response rate techniques to maintain student engagement in questions (e.g., wait time, response cards, hand signals, choral response, technology, etc.) Breaks a question into smaller and simpler parts when a low expectancy student answers a question incorrectly Uses unusual or intriguing information about the content to enhance student engagement Has students examine multiple perspectives and opinions about the content Uses teacher and student generated nonlinguistic images Has students working in collaborative groups Strengthens literacy using Cornell notes, Socratic seminars and/or argumentation Has students interacting with text 	 Is motivated, involved in learning, and engaged in activities that links new and prior knowledge Takes turns speaking, occasionally responding to fellow students' comments while sharing their own insights Participates appropriately in class discussions Feels validated as a person with a meaningful contribution to the class discussion Sets personalized learning goals Adapts quickly to transitions then re-engage Responds to questions posed by the teacher Says that the teacher expects everyone to participate Says that the teacher asks difficult questions of every student Says that the teacher won't "let you off the hook" Demonstrates increased engagement when unusual or intriguing information is presented about the content Engages in friendly controversy activities with enhanced engagement Makes comparisons and generate inferences about the content Represents the content using nonlinguistic representations accurately Participates actively in collaborative learning Demonstrates higher order thinking (Blooms) by engaging in decision making, problem solving, investigation and/or inquiry Includes critical content in their notes and in their summaries Interacts with text 	 Are varied roles used (at appropriate times) during the instructional process? Are appropriate tools and/or available technology utilized to enhance and support inquiry and instruction? Do students receive encouragement in applying various levels of questioning and problem-solving strategies? Is collaboration in inquiry and problem-solving encouraged among students?

Sta	andard 9	1	2	3	4
LEA Eth	DFESSIONAL RNING AND IICAL PRACTICE	continually evaluat and actions on oth	es in ongoing professiona e his/her practice, partic ers (learners, families, ot dapts practice to meet th	ularly the effects of her professionals, a	his/her choices nd the
9.1	Engages in ongoing learning opportunities to develop and apply knowledge and skills.	Rarely engages in professional learning opportunities.	Engages in professional learning opportunities, but demonstrates little or no implementation of new knowledge and skills.	Engages in professional learning opportunities based on self- assessment. Implements new knowledge and skills.	Initiates and pursues professional learning opportunities and actively shares expertise with others.
9.2	Uses multiple sources of evidence (e.g., student growth data, self- reflection tools, classroom observations) to self-assess professional practice.	Does not use evidence to self- assess professional practice.	Uses few sources of evidence to self-assess professional practice.	Utilizes multiple sources of evidence to self-assess professional practice.	Integrates experimentation, data analysis, and reflection into daily professional practice. Readily engages in collaborative efforts to reflect on professional practice.
9.3	Demonstrates knowledge of legal and ethical rights and responsibilities.	Demonstrates inadequate knowledge of federal, state, and district regulations and policies.	Demonstrates limited understanding of federal, state, and district regulations and policies.	Demonstrates thorough understanding and fully complies with federal, state, and district regulations and policies.	Demonstrates an understanding of the larger context of public education policy by staying abreast of changing laws and ethical standards, through literature, professional development or activities.

Standard 9 (cont.)	
Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher)	Guiding Questions
 Identifies specific areas of his/her strengths and weaknesses Can explain the differential effects of specific classroom strategies and behaviors on specific categories of students Actively seeks help and input from appropriate school personnel to address issues that impact instruction Respects and maintains confidentially of student and family information Is punctual and prepared for meetings Addresses other respectfully Assists in the effective functioning of a team/ group Actively participates and contributes Analyzes assessment results to evaluate and drive instruction Speaks positively about colleagues' actions and intentions Keeps track of specifically identified focus areas for improvement Gathers and keeps evidence of the effects of specific classroom strategies and behaviors on specific categories of students (e.g., different socio-economic groups, different ethnic groups) Designs a growth plan that outlines measureable goals, action steps, manageable timelines and appropriate resources for the students Keeps current data on student learning, attendance, home communication, behavior, etc. 	 Are strengths and areas for growth identified during self-assessment? Are student outcomes or performance data used during self-assessment? Are professional growth opportunities selected and participated in which relate to previously identified areas of opportunity for growth? Is professionalism exhibited based on confidentiality; legal and ethical rights and responsibilities; and school, district, and state performance requirements?

Standard 10	1	2	3		4	
LEADERSHIP AND COLLABORATION	The teacher seeks appropriate leadership roles and opportunities to take responsibility for stude collaborate with learners, families, colleagues, other school professionals, and community mem learner growth, and to advance the profession.					
10.1 Takes an active role on the instructional team.	Rarely engages in meetings and activities designed to plan curriculum, coordinate resources, and solve problems.	Sometimes engages in meetings and activities designed to plan curriculum, coordinate resources and solve problems.	Engages in meetings and activities designed to plan curriculum, coordinate resources, and solve problems.		Initiates opportunities for staff collaboration to plan curriculum, coordinate resources, and solve problems.	
10.2 Works collaboratively with students and families to support learner development and achievement.	Rarely invites interactive communication to support learner development and achievement.	Sometimes invites interactive communication. Shares information to support learner development and achievement.	Invites interactive communication to support learner development and achievement.		Uses interactive communication to foster a culture in which students know how to advocate for and articulate their learning needs in order to improve their achievement.	
Possible Teacher Evidence (The teacher)				Guiding Questions		
 Utilizes the appropriate means of communication Presents to, works with, or speaks to the school board, ad hoc committees, PTA, etc. Fosters partnerships with families/ school/ community Encourages parent and community involvement in the classroom and in school activities Works cooperatively with appropriate school personnel to address issues that impact student learning Contributes and shares expertise and new ideas with colleagues to enhance student learning in formal and informal ways Serves as an appropriate role model regarding specific classroom strategies and behaviors Participates in staff development Shares ideas, strategies and information with colleagues Actively seeks help and input in data team meetings/ professional learning communities Keeps track of specific situations in which he/she has participated in school or district initiatives Sets professional goals that are congruent with district wide, school and individual goals Designs a growth plan that outlines measureable goals, action steps, manageable timelines and appropriate resources for the teacher Brings current data to team meetings when called for 				col tea the ad lea lea lea de an res to	 Is there evidence of collaborative work with team members and/or the entire school to advance student learning? Are opportunities to lead in student learning and development sought? Are students, families, and other community resources encouraged to collaborate and be involved in learner development? 	